M - A - R - C - H Basic Life Support For Trauma

Massive Hemorrhage- Stop the bleeding

1. Direct pressure *

2.Tourniquet *

* Only treatment applied during direct threat following return fire

- 3. Expose the wound
- 4. Pack the wound with gauze or hemo gauze and hold pressure for 5 minutes
- 5. Apply pressure dressing

Tourniquet - GO HIGH OR DIE; place TQ as high on the limb as possible, but not over joint

Airway- Open and maintain airway

- 1. Roll patient on their side (recovery position) *
- 2. Head tilt/Chin lift, Modified Jaw Thrust
- 3. NPA with lube

Respirations- Locate and treat injuries that are causing difficulty breathing

- 1. Expose the chest and back and look for penetrating wounds into the chest cavity (front and rear)
- 2. Apply occlusive dressing (chest seal) to all wounds from umbilicus to collar bones; remember entrance AND exit wound

Assess Breathing- Look, Listen & feel for:

- Mechanism of injury (what caused this?)
- Cyanosis (blue/pale skin)
- Anxiousness
- · Decreased rise and fall of chest on injured side
- Respiratory distress (difficulty breathing)
- Increased breath rate
- Diminished breath sounds on injured side

Circulation- Check for signs of shock

- 1. Central Nervous System (CNS) Decreased level of consciousness (LOC), Anxiety, Disorientation, Belligerence
- 2. Heart: Increased heart rate, Decreased blood pressure
- 3. Lungs: Rapid shallow breathing
- 4. Skin: Pale, Cool, Clammy, Decreased capillary refill.

Treatment: Trendelenburg position- head lower than feet (contraindictated for head injury)

Head/Hypothermia

- 1. Examine for head injuries (Pupils equal, head trauma, fluid in ears)
- 2. Keep the patient warm to prevent heat loss (initiate as quickly as possible)





Triage Categories

- Minimal Walking wounded
- Delayed NO risk of losing Life, Limb, or Eyesight. Patient is not in shock.
- Immediate Risk of losing Life, Limb, or Eyesight. Patient is in shock.
- Expectant Injuries are so extensive that optimal medical resources would not save a life.







